

MEMORIAL RESOLUTION DAVID M. GLICK, Ph.D.

(1908-2000)

Professor David M. Glick, a Stanford University School of Medicine Professor of Pathology Emeritus, died on January 14, 2000, at the age of 91. Dr. Glick was internationally recognized for his work in quantitative histochemistry and cytochemistry. He was a founder of the Histochemical Society. He had an important impact on the early development of the Society. He was president of the Society from 1951 to 1957 and from 1968 to 1970. Dr. Glick was President of the International Committee for Histochemistry and Cytochemistry (ICHC) from 1972 to 1976. He was committed to academic responsibilities, as is evident by the fact that many of his trainees have been the leaders in the development of the fields of histochemistry and cytochemistry

The David Glick Lectureship was established in 1982 by the International Federation of Societies for Histochemistry and Cytochemistry (IFHSC). He presented the first David Glick Lecture in the series. Dr. Glick received many honors. Among these were the Van Slyke Medal and Award, the Ames Award from the American Association of Clinical Chemistry, an honorary L.L.D. from the University of Glasgow, and a Career Award from the US Public Health Service, NIH Institute of Arthritis and Metabolic Diseases. Other recognition of his stature as a scientist were his elections as an Honorary Member of the Royal Danish Academy of Sciences and Letters, Honorary Member of the Finnish Histochemical Society, and Honorary Associate of the IFSHC.

Dr. Glick served on the editorial boards of histochemistry and cytochemistry journals. He was the editor for *Methods of Biochemical Analysis* from 1954 to 1986. In 1970, Dr. Glick was pleased to learn that he was listed as one of the fifty most cited authors in a survey of world science literature reported by *Current Contents-Life Sciences* and published in *Current Contents* on April 14, 1971. He authored more than 275 publications.

Dr. Glick was born on May 3, 1908 in Homestead, PA. He was married three times: to Ruth Mueller, Irene Ross and Baroness Dr. Dorothy von Redlich. He was the father of five children: David M. Glick, Peter M. Glick, Annette Zelzer, Jonathan M. Glick and Jeffrey A. Glick. Dr. Glick received a B.S. in Chemistry from the University of Pittsburgh in 1929 and a Ph.D. in Biochemistry from the University of Pittsburgh in 1932. He held many positions in his career spanning academics, industry and hospital laboratories. Among Dr. Glick's hospital positions were Hershheim Research Fellow and research staff at Mount Sinai Hospital, NY, and Chief Chemist at Mount Zion Hospital, San Francisco and at Beth Israel Hospital, Newark, N.J. Throughout his career Dr. Glick was a visiting researcher at the Carlsberg Laboratory in Copenhagen, Denmark. He worked with Professor Linderstrom-Lang who was a pioneer in the development of microchemistry. He also conducted research as a visiting Research Scientist at the Stazione Zoologica, Naples, Italy and at the Karolinska Institute, Stockholm, Sweden. Dr. Glick was a faculty member of the University of Minnesota Medical School from 1946 to 1961. He was Professor and Head of Histochemistry there from 1950 to 1961.

In 1961 Dr. Glick accepted a position on the faculty of the Stanford University School of Medicine as Professor in the Department of Pathology and Chief of the Division of Histochemistry. He served as Acting Head of the Department of Pathology from 1964 to 1965. He became Emeritus Professor in 1973. Dr. Glick remained an active scientist in the Cancer Biology Research Laboratory in the Department of Radiology.

Committee:

Howard. H. Sussman, M.D.